Constraining Inflows and Outflows From Galaxy Growth Across Cosmic Time



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Includes: Gravity Gas (moving mesh) Star formation Photoionizing bkgd Black hole growth 10-species chemistry Type II SNe feedback Type Ia SNe feedback AGB stellar evol AGN feedback

StarsGas densityTemp.Metallicity

~6 billion cells 1 kpc resolution 100 Mpc volume

The Illustris Project: AREPO

SAM cartoon of galaxy formation

Take N-body merger tree, add parameterized baryonic physics:

SFR, cooling, feedback, galaxy merging, ...

Typically $\sim 40-50$ parameters, tuned to match z=0 data.









Mass-Metallicity Relation



$\eta/(1+\eta)$ + \dot{M}_{recyc}



Equilibrium Model: Inflow = SFR + Outflow + $\frac{dReservoir/dt}{dReservoir/dt}$ SFR = $(\zeta M_{grav} + M_{recyc})/(1+\eta)$ $Z = y SFR/\zeta M_{grav}$

Baryon cycling parameters

- *Ejective feedback* η = Outflow/SFR
- Preventive feedback
 ζ (J_{UV}, AGN, ...)
- Wind recycling time t_{rec} = time for outflow to return.

Each depends on $M_{halo}, z, ...?$



Parameterize, Bayesian MCMC

Turns out we need 8 parameters (Bayesian evidence analysis shows that removing any more is not preferred):

Mitra+14

$$\eta = \left(\frac{M_h}{10^{\eta_1 + \eta_2\sqrt{z}}}\right)^{\eta_3}$$

$$\zeta_{\text{quench}} = \text{MIN}\left[1, \left(\frac{M_h}{M_q}\right)^{\zeta_1}\right], \frac{M_q}{10^{12}M_{\odot}} = (0.96 + \zeta_2 z).$$

$$t_{\rm rec} = \tau_1 \times 10^9 \text{yr} \times (1+z)^{\tau_2} \left(\frac{M_h}{10^{12}}\right)^{\tau_3}$$

Observational Constraints

- M*-Mhalo (equivalent to GSMF, z=0-2): Inferred from GSMF(z~0-6) data, consistent w/SFR evol. [Behroozi+13, Moster+13].
- Mass-Metallicity relation: Now seen out to z~2 thanks to Keck/Mosfire. [Steidel+14,Sanders+14]
- SFR-M_{*} (z=0-2): Recent compilation with consistent calibrations from Speagle+14. [also Whitaker+14,Schreiber+14].

Equilibrium Model: MCMC constraints (χ²~1.6)



Fit only to M_{*}-M_h, SFR-M_{*}, predict M_{*}-Z ($\chi^2 \sim 2.0$)





Outflows stronger in low-mass galaxies





Evolution of scaling relations

Can now fit sSFR(z) at $z \sim 2!$



Intuition from the Equilibrium Model
Stellar and metal growth limited by cooling rate and conversion of gas into stars
ejective and preventive feedback

Metal & gas content reflects "evolutionary state" gas supply vs. consumption rate
Mergers drive galaxy evolution are subdominant to cold streams for fueling
Galaxies & IGM evolve independently are connected by baryon cycling

Summary

- Despite advances, modern SAMs and simulations still have difficulty matching z~0-2 data.
- The equilibrium model provides a new, simple, and robust approach to phenomenological galaxy formation, based on the simulation-motivated framework of baryon cycling.
- This model is able to fit key data across cosmic time with reasonable baryon cycling parameters, in which
 small galaxies eject a larger fraction of accreted gas
 recycling is more rapid in high-mass galaxies
 quenching at a mass that evolves modestly upwards with z

What is it good for?

- Get SFR and Z histories for given M*,z.
- Serve as input into cosmological sims that include feedback.
- Make predictions for evolution to higher z.
- Populate N-body with "average" galaxies.
- New framework for understanding galaxy formation



Modeling a concordant galaxy population: Status

Simulations, despite many advances, still can't match basic demographics of (M*, Z, SFR, HI) at z=0 let alone at high-z. Improvements still be "trial and error". *How much farther can we take this?*

SAMs now employ MCMC etc, but even using 20+ parameters can't match all properties. Is the basic framework flawed?

Need a simple, robust parameterization that we can easily match to data and that captures insights from simulation.

Equilibrium Relations Inflow = SFR + Outflow + dReservoir/ RD+12 • SFR = $(\zeta \dot{M}_{grav} + \dot{M}_{recyc})/(1+\eta)$ 0.2 • $Z = y SFR / \zeta M_{grav}$ $\log(\dot{M}_{SFR}(1+\eta_w)/\dot{M}_{acc})$ 10 0 10 • $f_{gas} = (1 + (t_{dep} \ sSFR)^{-1})^{-1}$ 08.7 **______**9.3 | ∩10.8 where e.g. -0.23 t_{age}/Gyr Finlator&RD08 $M_{grav} \sim f_b M_{halo}^{1.1} (1+z)^{2.25}$ [Dekel+09]

Cosmology

Star Formation

Feedback \leftrightarrow Galaxy Formation

Black Holes

Hubble GOODS field



Chemical Enrichmeពូរ្គ

EV(O)



Hydro Sims: "Baryon Cycling"



The cycle of inflows, outflows, and re-accretion governs the growth and evolution of galaxies.

What's left to be done?

LOTS!

- Consider scatter: Fluctuations in gravitational inflow rate, plus(?) excursions via major mergers.
- Solution Include gas (HI, H₂): Compare/constrain to data
- Model satellites: Affected by stripping processes.
- Se Examine environment: Formation time bias, ...
- Compare with hydro simulations w/same parameters
- Implement into full N-body simulations.